

2022 NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL SCORECARD

SECOND SESSION OF THE 117TH CONGRESS



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The nonprofit League of Conservation Voters (LCV) has published a *National Environmental Scorecard* every Congress since 1970, the year it was founded by leaders of the environmental movement following the first Earth Day. LCV believes our earth is worth fighting for because everyone has a right to clean air, water, lands, and a safe, healthy community.

This edition of the *National Environmental Scorecard* provides objective, factual information about the most important environmental legislation considered and the corresponding voting records of all members of the second session of the 117th Congress. This *Scorecard* represents the consensus of experts from more than 20 respected environmental, environmental justice, and conservation organizations who selected the key votes on which members of Congress should be scored. LCV scores votes on the most important issues of the year, including energy, climate change, public health, environmental and racial justice, worker protection, democracy, public lands and wildlife conservation, and spending for environmental programs. The votes included in this *Scorecard* presented members of Congress with a real choice and help distinguish which legislators are working for environmental protection. Except in rare circumstances, the *Scorecard* excludes consensus action on the environment and issues on which no recorded votes occurred.

Dedicated environmentalists and national leaders volunteered their time to identify and research crucial votes. We extend special thanks to our Board of Directors, Issues & Accountability Committee, and Scorecard Advisory Committee for their valuable input.



In 2022, Congress made historic progress on climate and other critical environmental and equity issues.

The second session of the 117th Congress was exceptionally productive, the highlight being passage and enactment into law of the historic Inflation Reduction Act (IRA), which invested roughly \$369 billion in advancing clean energy, creating good jobs, and fighting climate change and environmental injustice. This clean energy plan was finalized against an ongoing backdrop of deadly and destructive wildfires, extreme storms, and flooding—and as climate impacts continue to ravage communities across the country, these investments came without a moment to lose.

In addition to passing huge investments in climate solutions in 2022, Congress also made progress to reauthorize a climate-smart Water Resources Development Act, invest in U.S. manufacturing and science, and provide reasonable FY23 government funding for environmental programs. Intertwined with advancing environmental protections were also successful steps to protect our democracy and advance equity, including the passage of improved protections for our democracy during the presidential transition and federalized protections for same-sex and interracial marriages. Taken together, this progress demonstrates that pro-environment, pro-democracy leadership delivered important benefits to families and communities across the country, while strengthening our economy and safeguarding our future.

In the Senate, we scored 23 votes in 2022, and given the tremendous importance of the IRA we took the very rare step of double scoring it. We included eight votes from the first vote series necessary to advance the IRA, which were primarily

unsuccessful Republican amendments intended to derail historic progress while pushing a pro-polluter agenda that prioritized handouts to various fossil fuel industries, attacks on bedrock environmental laws, and the elimination of multiple pollution-reducing, money-saving programs.

The Senate slate also includes two votes that would have undermined environmental review and public input that are mandated in the National Environmental Policy Act for major federal projects. Dozens of Republican senators voted against one of these measures—the motion to advance Senator Manchin’s permitting rollback legislation—because they believed the measures did not go far enough to weaken our bedrock environmental safeguards. We scored two votes related to international cooperation to tackle climate change—the unsuccessful attempt by Senator Lee to withdraw the U.S. from the United Nations Framework and the successful, bipartisan vote to ratify the Kigali treaty to slash hydrofluorocarbons, which are climate super pollutants.

We also scored two votes on critical legislation to protect our democracy and voting rights that unfortunately failed to advance over near-united Republican opposition. These bills, the Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act and the Democracy is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections (DISCLOSE) Act, passed the House but could not overcome the 60-vote filibuster threshold in the Senate.

The Senate votes also include two to safeguard equity—marriage and reproductive rights—from an extremist Supreme Court majority cemented by

Highlight on The Inflation Reduction Act

The Inflation Reduction Act (IRA, or clean energy plan) will cut nearly a gigaton of emissions and put the U.S. on track with our commitment to cut climate warming pollution in half by 2030, when paired with updated strong federal regulations and further state climate policy advances. To blunt the continuing impacts of the climate crisis, these cuts in pollution are imperative and the enacted clean energy plan will have a swift impact on people's daily lives. These crucial provisions will provide communities with the jobs and energy cost savings that accompany energy efficient products, clean energy, and electric vehicle manufacturing and installation; programs and infrastructure that prioritize environmental justice like community solar and electric buses, trucks, and port equipment; and investments that will encourage climate-smart agriculture. Unfortunately, this landmark legislation also included potentially damaging provisions designed to benefit the still-too-powerful fossil fuel industry that could have disproportionately harmful impacts on Indigenous communities, people of color, and other front-line

communities. We will continue fighting to mitigate the possible harm of these provisions—fighting against more oil and gas leasing, drilling, pipelines, and other dangerous measures.

Passing this historic clean energy plan required resolve and leadership from Congress, pro-environment chairs of congressional committees, the Biden-Harris administration, and people and communities across the country. Activists led a multi-year effort with a broad coalition that included national and state environmental organizations, labor unions, environmental justice organizations, and clean energy companies and associations to build the momentum that the fossil fuel industry and other well-funded entrenched interests could not stop. Similarly, House Speaker Nancy Pelosi, Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer, congressional committee chairs, other congressional climate champions, and White House officials found a path forward despite many obstacles and roadblocks. This victory was truly a collective effort.

former President Trump. Like last year, this year's *Scorecard* again includes three judicial confirmation votes that advance historic, personally and professionally diverse nominees—Ketanji Brown Jackson to the Supreme Court, Holly Thomas to the Ninth Circuit, and Ariana Freeman to the Third Circuit. This sample represents just some of President Biden's highly qualified nominees, and reinforces the importance of the Senate approving an almost record number of judges to the appeals courts.

In the House, we scored 19 votes in 2022, and given the tremendous importance of the IRA we took the very rare step of double scoring it here as well. We included a handful of votes on climate action, safeguarding public lands,

protecting wildlife, and adequately funding federal environmental programs. At a time when oil and gas companies amassed record profits, the House voted to protect people from fossil fuel executives who were price-gouging at the pump during Putin's war on Ukraine. We also scored a vote that gave data centers and other computer-based projects a free pass to circumvent important environmental review and public comment. Regrettably, there was not the opportunity to score a vote on the entire Environmental Justice for All Act in either chamber, though some parts of it were included in a House-passed drought resilience package (see *Champions of Color* Leading the Way for more on the EJ for All Act).

Spurred by voter discrimination efforts in states, especially targeted at people of color, the House again passed much needed democracy and voting rights reforms. And, like the Senate, we scored House votes that improved the peaceful transfer of power, protected marriage equality, and would have guaranteed access to reproductive healthcare.

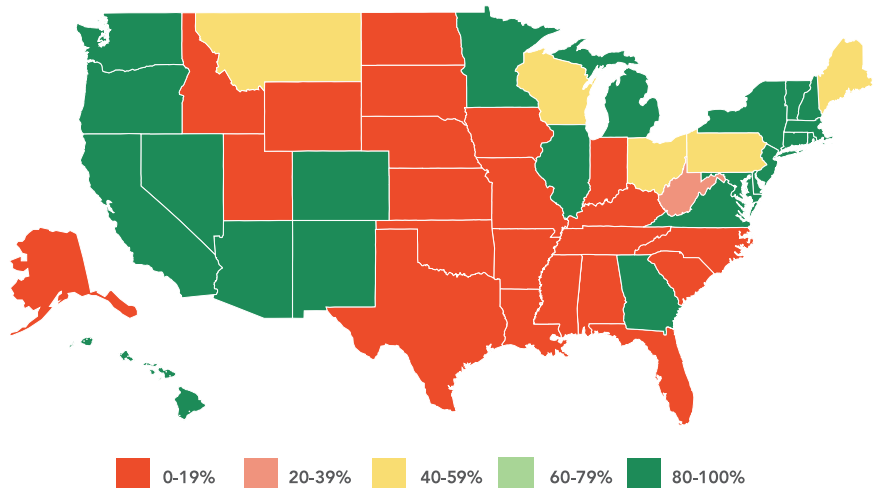
Even as anti-environment leadership takes narrow, unruly control of the U.S. House, where climate deniers and other fossil fuel allies will set the agenda in 2023, 2022 was a banner year, defined by congressional actions that advanced climate solutions and environmental justice nationwide,

building the foundation for a clean, equitable future with good jobs and lower costs for families everywhere. The contrast of relevant House committee chairs' transition could not be more stark; outgoing 117th chairs had an average LCV lifetime score of 92% and incoming 118th chairs have an average LCV lifetime score of 5%. We look forward to continued work with the Biden-Harris administration and pro-environment members of Congress to defend, highlight, and implement the historic investments of the 117th session and secure strong federal executive safeguards for communities' health, public lands, and our climate.

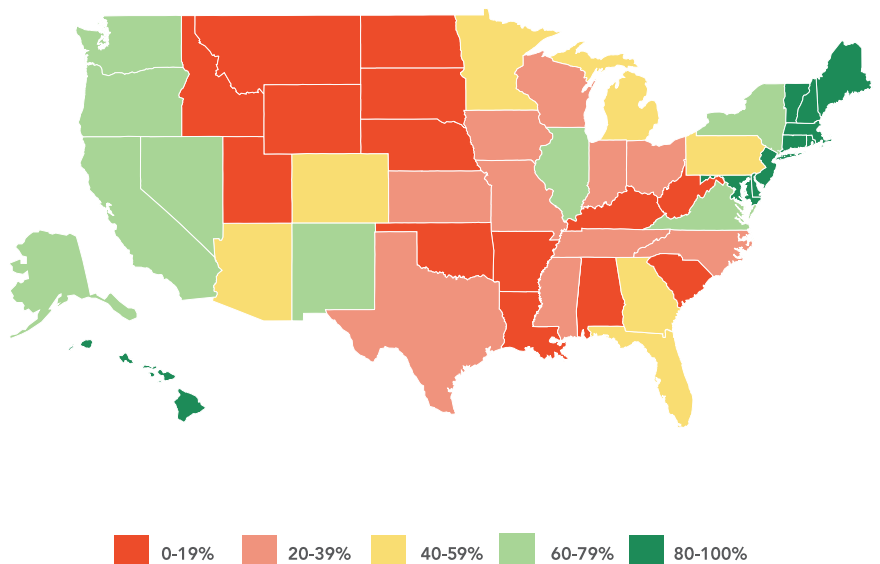
2022 STATE AND TERRITORY AVERAGES

STATE/TERRITORY	SENATE	HOUSE
Alabama	4	17
Alaska	9	67
American Samoa	N/A	0
Arizona	85	53
Arkansas	7	5
California	96	77
Colorado	93	57
Connecticut	95	95
Delaware	96	100
District Of Columbia	N/A	100
Florida	7	42
Georgia	96	42
Guam	N/A	100
Hawaii	96	100
Idaho	4	5
Illinois	98	72
Indiana	9	26
Iowa	11	29
Kansas	7	25
Kentucky	7	19
Louisiana	9	18
Maine	59	89
Maryland	96	84
Massachusetts	100	96
Michigan	98	59
Minnesota	93	44
Mississippi	9	28
Missouri	7	28
Montana	50	0
Nebraska	7	5
Nevada	96	75
New Hampshire	96	95
New Jersey	100	82
New Mexico	96	67
New York	96	72
North Carolina	9	39
North Dakota	4	11
Northern Mariana Islands	N/A	100
Ohio	52	30
Oklahoma	4	4
Oregon	98	77
Pennsylvania	48	53
Puerto Rico	N/A	0
Rhode Island	96	97
South Carolina	7	18
South Dakota	4	5
Tennessee	2	23
Texas	2	34
Utah	9	12
Vermont	95	95
Virgin Islands	N/A	100
Virginia	98	62
Washington	96	71
West Virginia	39	7
Wisconsin	50	38
Wyoming	4	11

SENATE



HOUSE



2022 HIGH AND LOW SCORES

SENATE HIGHEST SENATE DELEGATIONS

Massachusetts 100%	California 96%	New Hampshire 96%
New Jersey 100%	Delaware 96%	New Mexico 96%
Illinois 98%	Georgia 96%	New York 96%
Michigan 98%	Hawaii 96%	Rhode Island 96%
Oregon 98%	Maryland 96%	Washington 96%
Virginia 98%	Nevada 96%	

SENATE SCORES OF 100

ILLINOIS Duckworth	MICHIGAN Stabenow	OREGON Merkley
MASSACHUSETTS Markey · Warren	NEW JERSEY Booker · Menendez	VERMONT Sanders
		VIRGINIA Kaine

HOUSE HIGHEST HOUSE DELEGATIONS

Delaware 100%	Massachusetts 96%	Vermont 95%
Hawaii 100%	Connecticut 95%	
Rhode Island 97%	New Hampshire 95%	

HOUSE SCORES OF 100

ALASKA Peltola	INDIANA Carson	Maloney, S.P. · Meng · Nadler · Ocasio-Cortez · Ryan, P. · Tonko · Torres, R. · Velázquez
ARIZONA Grijalva	MARYLAND Brown, A. · Sarbanes	
CALIFORNIA Barragán · DeSaulnier · Gomez · Huffman · Lofgren · Lee, B. · Levin, M. · Lowenthal · McNerney · Napolitano · Porter · Ruiz · Takano · Waters	MASSACHUSETTS McGovern · Pressley	NORTH CAROLINA Adams
COLORADO Crow · DeGette · Neguse	MICHIGAN Dingell · Levin, A. · Tlaib	NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS Sablan
DELAWARE Blunt · Rochester	MINNESOTA McCollum · Omar	OREGON Blumenauer · Bonamici · DeFazio
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Holmes · Norton	MISSISSIPPI Thompson, B.	PENNSYLVANIA Boyle · Cartwright · Evans
FLORIDA Castor · Crist · Cherfilus-McCormick · Frankel	MISSOURI Bush	RHODE ISLAND Cicilline
GEORGIA Williams, N.	NEVADA Horsford · Titus	TEXAS Castro · Doggett · Johnson, E.B. · Vela
GUAM San Nicolas	NEW JERSEY Gottheimer · Kim, A. · Pallone · Sires · Watson · Coleman	VIRGIN ISLANDS Plaskett
HAWAII Case · Kahele	NEW MEXICO Leger · Fernández · Stansbury	VIRGINIA Connolly · McEachin · Scott, Robert · Wexton
ILLINOIS Newman · Quigley · Underwood	NEW YORK Bowman · Delgado · Espaillat · Higgins, B. · Jeffries · Jones · Maloney, C.	WASHINGTON Jayapal · Smith, Adam
		WISCONSIN Pocan

LOWEST SENATE DELEGATIONS

Tennessee 2%	Arkansas 4%	Oklahoma 4%
Texas 2%	Idaho 4%	South Dakota 4%
Alabama 4%	North Dakota 4%	Wyoming 4%

SENATE SCORES OF 0

PENNSYLVANIA Toomey	TENNESSEE Hagerty	WYOMING Barrasso
	TEXAS Cruz	

LOWEST HOUSE DELEGATIONS

Montana 0%	South Dakota 5%	West Virginia 7%
Oklahoma 4%	Idaho 5%	
Arkansas 5%	Nebraska 5%	

HOUSE SCORES OF 0

ALABAMA Brooks, M. · Moore, Barry	KANSAS Mann · Estes	OKLAHOMA Hern · Mullin
AMERICAN SAMOA Radewagen	KENTUCKY Massie	OREGON Bentz
ARIZONA Biggs · Gosar · Lesko · Schweikert	LOUISIANA Higgins, C. · Johnson, M. · Scalise	PENNSYLVANIA Keller · Meuser · Perry
ARKANSAS Crawford	MARYLAND Harris	PUERTO RICO González-Colón
CALIFORNIA Conway · McCarthy · McClintock	MICHIGAN McClain	SOUTH CAROLINA · Norman · Timmons · Wilson, J.
COLORADO Boebert · Buck	MINNESOTA Hagedorn · Fischbach · Finstad	TENNESSEE · Burchett · Green, M. · Harshbarger · Rose
FLORIDA Buchanan · Dunn · Franklin · Posey · Rutherford · Steube · Webster	MISSISSIPPI Kelly, T.	TEXAS · Arrington · Babin · Burgess · Brady · Carter, J. · Cloud · Crenshaw · Fallon · Gohmert · Gooden · Jackson, R. · Nehis · Pfluger · Roy · Taylor · Van Dyne · Weber · Williams, R.
GEORGIA Clyde · Ferguson · Greene, M.T. · Hice · Loudermilk · Scott, A.	MISSOURI Hartzler · Smith, J.	
IDAHO Fulcher	MONTANA Rosendale	
INDIANA Banks · Hollingsworth · Pence · Walorski	NEBRASKA Flood · Fortenberry · Smith, Adrian	
IOWA Feenstra	NEW MEXICO Herrell	
	NEW YORK Reed, T. · Sempolinski · Tenney	
	NORTH CAROLINA Bishop, D. · Cawthorn	
	OHIO Davidson · Gibbs · Latta · Jordan	
		VIRGINIA · Cline · Good · Griffith
		WISCONSIN · Fitzgerald · Grothman · Tiffany

RATING THE LEADERSHIP OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITTEES

SENATE

COMMITTEE	CHAIR	SCORE	RANKING MEMBER	SCORE
Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry	Stabenow (MI)	100	Boozman (AR)	9
Appropriations	Leahy (VT)	91	Shelby (AL)	4
Commerce, Science, and Transportation	Cantwell (WA)	96	Wicker (MS)	9
Energy and Natural Resources	Manchin (WV)	70	Murkowski (AK)	13
Environment and Public Works	Carper (DE)	96	Capito (WV)	9
SENATE COMMITTEE LEADER AVERAGE	CHAIRS	91	RANKING MEMBERS	9

HOUSE

COMMITTEE	CHAIR	SCORE	RANKING MEMBER	SCORE
Agriculture	Scott, D. (GA-13)	95	Thompson, G. (PA-15)	11
Appropriations	DeLauro (CT-03)	95	Granger (TX-12)	5
Energy and Commerce	Pallone (NJ-06)	100	McMorris Rodgers, C. (WA-05)	5
Natural Resources	Grijalva (AZ-03)	100	Westerman (AR-04)	5
Science, Space, and Technology	Johnson, E.B. (TX-30)	100	Lucas (OK-03)	5
Transportation and Infrastructure	DeFazio (OR-04)	100	Graves, S. (MO-06)	5
Select Committee on the Climate Crisis	Castor (FL-14)	100	Graves, G. (LA-06)	11
HOUSE COMMITTEE LEADER AVERAGE	CHAIRS	99	RANKING MEMBERS	7

PARTY LEADERS' SCORES

SENATE

DEMOCRATS	SCORE	REPUBLICANS	SCORE
Schumer (NY), Majority Leader	96	McConnell (KY), Minority Leader	9
Durbin (IL), Majority Whip	96	Thune (SD), Minority Whip	4
Murray (WA), Assistant Democratic Leader	96	Barrasso (WY), Conference Chair	0
Stabenow (MI), Chairwoman of Policy and Communications Committee	100	Blunt (MO), Policy Committee Chairman	9
LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	97	LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	6

HOUSE

DEMOCRATS	SCORE	REPUBLICANS	SCORE
Pelosi (CA-12), Speaker of the House*	N/A	McCarthy (CA-23), Minority Leader	0
Hoyer (MD-05), Majority Leader	95	Scalise (LA-01), Minority Whip	0
Clyburn (SC-06), Majority Whip	95	Stefanik (NY-21), Conference Chair	11
Jeffries (NY-08), Caucus Chairman	100	Palmer (AL-06), Policy Committee Chairman	5
Clark, K. (MA-05), Assistant Speaker	95		
LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	96	LEADERSHIP AVERAGE	4

*The Speaker of the House votes at her discretion.

CHAMPIONS OF COLOR LEADING THE WAY

The 2022 *National Environmental Scorecard* demonstrates that the pro-environment majorities in the U.S. House of Representatives and U.S. Senate, in partnership with the Biden-Harris administration, continued their push to pass and enact legislation to protect our air, water, lands, and ecosystems, defend our democracy, and combat the climate crisis—culminating in the passage and enactment of the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA), a landmark package of roughly \$369 billion of historic investments in advancing clean energy, creating good jobs, and fighting climate change and environmental injustice.

Many of the climate and democracy bills and initiatives introduced and advanced through Congress in 2022—either independently or included in the final IRA—were led and supported by members of the Congressional Asian Pacific American Caucus (CAPAC), the Congressional Black Caucus (CBC), and the Congressional Hispanic Caucus (CHC), collectively referred to as the Tri-Caucus.

Rep. Nanette Barragán speaking at a Climate Action Now rally

TRI-CAUCUS LEADER'S SCORES

CONGRESSIONAL ASIAN PACIFIC AMERICAN CAUCUS	SCORE
Rep. Judy Chu (D-CA-27), Chair	95
Rep. Grace Meng (D-NY-06), First Vice-Chair	100
Rep. Mark Takano (D-CA-41), Second Vice-Chair	100
Rep. Ted Lieu (D-CA-33), Whip	95
Rep. Kaiuli'i Kahele (D-HI-02), Freshman Representative	100

CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS	SCORE
Rep. Joyce Beatty (D-OH-03), Chair	95
Rep. Steven Horsford (D-NV-04), 1st Vice Chair	100
Rep. Brenda Lawrence (D-MI-14), 2nd Vice Chair	95
Rep. Frederica S. Wilson (D-FL-24), Secretary	95
Rep. Hank Johnson (D-GA-04), Whip	95
Rep. Sheila Jackson-Lee (D-TX-18), Parliamentarian	95
Rep. Joe Neguse (D-CO-02), Member At Large	100

CONGRESSIONAL HISPANIC CAUCUS	SCORE
Rep. Raul Ruiz (D-CA-36), Chair	100
Rep. Nanette Barragán (D-CA-44), 1st Vice Chair	100
Rep. Tony Cárdenas (D-CA-29), Vice Chair of Member Engagement	95
Rep. Adriano Espaillat (D-NY-13), Vice Chair of Diversity and Inclusion	100
Rep. Teresa Leger Fernández (D-NM-03), Vice Chair of Communications	100
Re. Sylvia Garcia (D-TX-29), Whip	89
Rep. Darren Soto (D-FL-09), Vice Chair of Policy	95
Rep. Ritchie Torres (D-NY-15), Freshman Representative	100



LEADERSHIP ON LEGISLATION

Black, Latinx, and Asian American and Pacific Islander (AAPI) members of the Tri-Caucus—in addition to their Indigenous and other colleagues of color—continued to be a trailblazing force for pro-environment legislation in the second session of the 117th Congress. Below are highlights of that leadership in action:

Environmental Justice

One of the marquee bills to advance environmental justice in the House in 2022 was the Environmental Justice for All Act, introduced by Representatives Raúl Grijalva and Donald McEachin. Drafted as a product of a ground-breaking, years-long, and community-based process, the Environmental Justice for All Act is a significant step toward confronting the legacy of environmental racism that disproportionately impacts low-wealth and communities of color. The bill included bold policies that would strengthen the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) to require federal agencies to consider the cumulative and disproportionate impacts of pollution on communities of color and those of low-wealth. Additionally, the bill would use new fees on oil, gas, and coal companies to fund investments in environmental justice communities. Portions of the bill were included in a drought and resilience package that passed the House. We will continue to press for the entire bill's passage. Rep. Grijalva's leadership against weakening NEPA was also on display as he rallied nearly 90 colleagues to oppose data centers being allowed to short-circuit environmental review and public input (House roll call vote #417) and Senator Joe Manchin's permitting rollbacks bill (Senate roll call vote #394).

One important provision that did make it across the finish line was Representative Nanette Barragán's

Climate Justice Grants Act, which provided \$3 billion in climate and environmental justice grants and was included in the Inflation Reduction Act. This investment will drive thousands of community-led clean energy and climate resiliency projects, such as community solar or tree plantings, in frontline and under-resourced communities that have faced disproportionate harm from fossil fuel and other pollution.

Democracy & Voting Rights

In 2022, members of the Tri-Caucus once again led the fight for equal voting rights, a progressive judiciary, and an equitable and accessible democracy. Representative Terri Sewell and others from both chambers continued to push for passage of the Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act (House roll call vote #9), a combination of two crucial bills for protecting voting rights and defending our democracy. While ultimately it was blocked on the floor (Senate roll call #10), Senator Reverend Raphael Warnock made several powerful speeches advocating for it during Senate consideration.

Clean Energy

A central pillar of the IRA was a package of clean energy tax incentives that would invest billions to combat the climate crisis, reduce emissions, and create clean-energy jobs. One piece helping ensure these tax credits reinforce the Biden-Harris administration's Justice 40 initiative to deliver at least 40% of the benefits from federal investments in communities facing environmental injustice was Representative Danny Davis' Low-Income Housing Renewable Energy Credit Act, which increased clean energy tax credits for solar facilities placed in low-wealth communities. Thanks to Davis' leadership, these critical clean energy incentives were included in the final bill

and enacted into law. Another piece also in the IRA was Senator Catherine Cortez Masto's Tribal Energy Loan Improvement Act, which will make it easier for Indigenous communities in Nevada to launch critical energy development projects like solar and geothermal.

Clean Transportation

Representative Jahana Hayes has been a leading champion for clean school buses, drawing on her experience as a teacher to advocate for cleaner air for students, drivers, and community members alike. Her efforts to advance the IRA included successfully securing additional funding and tax incentives for ensuring healthier communities by reducing harmful pollution from diesel school buses and trucks that disproportionately impact communities and children of color.

Representative Yvette Clarke has been another champion for equitable clean transit, introducing the Electric Vehicles for Underserved Communities Act. This bill would require the Department of Energy to establish an Electric Vehicle Charging Equity Program to advance and expand the accessibility of that deployment. Investments like these were included in the Inflation Reduction Act's electric vehicle incentives provisions to help ensure that all communities are able to participate in the electric vehicle future.

Almost 40 percent of people in this country live within three miles of a port, and they are disproportionately communities of color. The Inflation Reduction Act includes an unprecedented \$3 billion dedicated to reducing air pollution at ports with zero-emissions equipment and technology. Drawn from Representative Nanette Barragán's Climate Smart Ports Act and Representative Lisa Blunt Rochester's Climate Action Planning for Ports Act, these investments will accelerate the transition to zero-emissions equipment at ports across the country, provide fenceline air monitoring, and help port communities breathe easier.

Conservation & Equitable Outdoor Access

A key member of the Select Committee on the Climate Crisis and the House Natural Resources Committee, Representative Veronica Escobar continued her leadership by introducing the Castner Range National Monument Act, which would establish the Castner Range National Monument. This legislation is in support of community-led efforts for more than half a century to permanently protect the Castner Range near El Paso as a national monument, and Rep. Escobar has also called on the President to designate a national monument under the Antiquities Act. Not only will this conserve a beautiful ecosystem and a historically and culturally significant landscape, it would support the local economy while expanding equitable outdoor access to El Paso's Latinx community.



REPRESENTATIVE A. DONALD MCEACHIN'S LEGACY

In November, the climate and environmental justice community lost one of its most dedicated advocates and stalwart champions: Representative A. Donald McEachin, who represented Virginia's 4th Congressional district.

LCV and VALCV mourn the immense loss of Representative McEachin, along with his family, colleagues in Congress, and the entire climate and environmental justice community—to whom he was such a dedicated partner, mentor, and champion.

A Leader From The Start

Representative McEachin was a tireless champion for climate, environmental justice, and an equitable democracy well before he was ever elected to represent Virginia's 4th Congressional District in Congress. McEachin served the people of Virginia for more than 20 years, serving three terms in the House of Delegates and then two terms in the state Senate. He quickly earned a reputation for rooting his legislative priorities and advocacy in compassion, equity, and justice, championing legislation to close substandard landfills and to create the Offshore Wind Development Authority among many others.

"Environmental issues, while critical for all of us, disproportionately impact communities of color, low income, and rural communities... I am eager to ... proactively mitigate the human impact of climate change and the unhealthy exposure to waste and pollution that marginalized communities have long-endured."

Rep. McEachin announcing the founding of the UCEJTF



Rep. McEachin at the House Select Committee on the Climate Crisis Report Launch Press Conference

A Champion Across Climate Committees & Caucuses

It was not long into his tenure in Congress that McEachin co-founded the United for Climate and Environmental Justice Task Force (UCEJTF) along with Representatives Nanette Barragán and Pramila Jayapal. This initiative brought together the climate advocacy of champions from each of the Tri-Caucus groups to address the disproportionate impacts of climate pollution faced by communities of color head on.

Among many other accolades, McEachin was the only member to simultaneously serve on the three major environmental committees in the House: The Energy & Commerce Committee, the Natural Resources Committee, and the Select Committee on the Climate Crisis. He used these positions to push legislation that would help advance environmental justice, including bills to provide access to clean energy for everyone, equitable access to the outdoors, and to protect Native stewardship and sovereignty.

McEachin was also quite active outside of the UCEJTF and his official committee assignments, serving as co-chair of the House Democratic



Rep. McEachin speaking at LCV's Emerging Leaders Training

Environmental Message Team, co-chair of the Congressional Black Caucus' Transportation, Infrastructure, Environment and Energy Policy Council, and vice-chair of the Sustainable Energy and Environment Coalition (SEEC).

A Deep Partnership with LCV and the Virginia League of Conservation Voters (VALCV)

In addition to being a tireless legislator, McEachin was also an incredible partner to climate and environmental justice advocates in Virginia and across the country. From the very beginning of his entrance into public service, he cultivated a close relationship with VALCV and LCV while in the state legislature and in Congress, working collaboratively to protect communities in Virginia. From hosting town halls to gathering constituent input to touring coal ash sites to highlighting that the climate crisis disproportionately impacts communities of color, McEachin was always there.

A Lasting Legacy

Yet another of McEachin's many achievements in Congress was co-leading the historic Environmental Justice Summit at the U.S.



Rep. McEachin leading tour of a coal ash site with VALCV's Mike Town

Capitol, which brought hundreds of climate and environmental justice advocates from across the country together with lawmakers in 2019.

It seems fitting, then, that now-Ranking Member Grijalva announced that he would re-name the marquee Environmental Justice for All bill after his late friend and colleague: *The A. Donald McEachin Environmental Justice for All Act*, which he expects to reintroduce in March 2023. We can think of no better way for Congress to honor the incredible legacy of Representative McEachin than to pass this comprehensive, historic bill to advance environmental justice for generations to come.



Rep. McEachin at the introduction of the EJ for All Act

2022 SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. CHANGING FILIBUSTER RULES TO PASS DEMOCRACY REFORMS

Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer (D-NY) filed a procedural motion to allow H.R. 5746, the Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act, to pass the Senate with a simple majority rather than the 60-vote supermajority normally needed to overcome a filibuster. The Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act would be the most significant pro-democracy legislation in the U.S. in half a century. It would restore and modernize the full protections of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 that the Supreme Court undermined in *Shelby County v. Holder* and *Brnovich v. Democratic National Committee*, and it would update them to better address the modern forms of voter suppression seen in hundreds of anti-voter bills filed in state legislatures across the country during the last two years. This legislation would also protect free and fair elections by safeguarding and expanding voter access, banning partisan gerrymandering, modernizing voter registration, strengthening our campaign finance system, protecting election integrity, and promoting security of election systems. Everyone's right to be heard and counted in the political process is essential to the functioning of our democracy and protection of our environment, and far too often it is people of color and frontline communities who are targeted by restrictive voting laws and gerrymandering—the same communities most impacted by climate change and environmental injustice. Ensuring that voters have access to the ballot box and their voices are not drowned out by outsized corporate interests would better equip the people to hold politicians accountable and safeguard meaningful public health and environmental protections. On January 19, the Senate upheld the ruling of the chair, sustaining the filibuster and blocking the Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act, by a vote of 52–48 (Senate roll call vote 10). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

2. THOMAS CONFIRMATION (NINTH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS)

The Senate considered President Joe Biden's nomination of Holly A. Thomas to serve as a circuit judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. The Ninth Circuit is one of the nation's most powerful courts, with jurisdiction over more land and more people than any other court except the United States Supreme Court. Federal judges serve for life and the laws that protect our environment and democracy are only as strong as the judges who uphold and enforce them. Before becoming a judge of the Los Angeles County Superior Court, Thomas litigated in prestigious governmental and nonprofit positions to advance fair employment and housing, LGBTQ+ rights, and school desegregation, among other important causes. As a Black woman and as a career public-interest lawyer, Thomas brings personal and professional diversity to a judiciary that has long been dominated by White male judges appointed after careers in private law firms or as prosecutors. On January 20, the Senate confirmed Thomas to be a Circuit Judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit by a vote of 48–40 (Senate roll call vote 11). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

3. JACKSON CONFIRMATION (SUPREME COURT)

The Senate considered President Joe Biden's nomination of Ketanji Brown Jackson to serve as an associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. The Supreme Court exercises extraordinary authority over all levels of government and areas of public policy, including climate, clean water, democracy, and civil rights. Like all federal judges, Supreme Court justices serve for life, and environmental laws are only as strong as the judges who uphold them. Jackson was previously

appointed by President Biden to serve as a circuit judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, and by President Barack Obama to serve both as a district judge of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia and as the vice chair of the United States Sentencing Commission. During her time at the Sentencing Commission, it took concrete action to reduce mass incarceration and ameliorate longstanding racist sentencing disparities related to the war on drugs. As a district judge, Jackson issued rulings in favor of disability rights, labor rights, immigrants' rights, and a congressional subpoena related to the first impeachment investigation of President Donald Trump. Jackson is the first Black woman and first former public defender ever to serve on the Supreme Court, and the first Supreme Court nominee in decades to have been confirmed by the Senate on three prior occasions. On April 7, the Senate confirmed Jackson to be an associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States by a vote of 53–47 (Senate roll call vote 134). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

4. EXPANDING DIRTY AND DANGEROUS OFFSHORE DRILLING

Senator John Barrasso (R-WY) sponsored a motion to instruct (MTI) Senate conferees on H.R. 4521, the United States Innovation and Competition Act (USICA) of 2021, to force the Biden-Harris administration to immediately develop a five-year offshore oil and gas leasing plan that includes a minimum of 10 region-wide oil and gas lease sales in the Gulf of Mexico and Alaska regions. This damaging MTI not only contradicts the necessity to act on climate change and protect coastal communities and wildlife, but it also circumvents the careful, participatory statutory process used to develop the five-year plan. The oil and gas industry has already stockpiled millions of acres of unused leases, and new leases that are sold would not start producing for years or decades, thus having no impact on current oil prices. On May 4, the Senate approved the Barrasso MTI by a vote of 53–44 (Senate roll call vote 148). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Portions of the underlying bill, though none mandating completion of a five-year plan or a minimum of lease sales, were included in the final Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) & Science Act (H.R. 4346) that the president signed into law on August 9.

5. UNDERMINING INTERNATIONAL CLIMATE COMMITMENTS

Senator Mike Lee (R-UT) sponsored a motion to instruct (MTI) Senate conferees on H.R. 4521, the United States Innovation and Competition Act (USICA) of 2021, to eliminate international-focused provisions included in the House-passed America Creating Opportunities for Manufacturing Pre-Eminence in Technology and Economic Strength (COMPETES) Act of 2021, including an \$8 billion authorization for the Green Climate Fund, the establishment of a State Department program to provide adaptation, mitigation, and security assistance to under-resourced countries, a professed commitment to implementing the Paris climate agreement and addressing climate change, and the establishment of a State Department task force to coordinate a whole-of-government response to climate change. As the wealthiest nation in the world and one of the largest historical emitters of climate pollution, the U.S. has an obligation to swiftly advance our own clean energy transition through all the tools at our disposal, and to contribute our fair share to support under-resourced countries in meeting our shared climate goals—all of which this amendment would undermine. On May 4, the Senate rejected the Lee MTI by a vote of 48–49 (House Roll Call 150). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** While this MTI was rejected, the crucial climate pro-

visions it sought to eliminate were not ultimately included in the Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) & Science Act (H.R. 4346), the final version of this bill which the president signed into law on August 9.

6. HAMPERING PRESIDENTIAL EMERGENCY ACTIONS ON CLIMATE

Senator Shelley Moore Capito (R-WV) sponsored a motion to instruct (MTI) Senate conferees on H.R. 4521, the United States Innovation and Competition Act (USICA) of 2021, which would undermine the president's authority to declare a national, major disaster, or public health emergency, or to invoke the authorities of the Defense Production Act because of climate change. At a moment where we do find ourselves in a climate emergency, we must be able to use all the available tools to tackle this crisis, including these important presidential emergency powers. On May 4, the Senate agreed to Senator Capito's MTI by a vote of 49–47 (House roll call vote 157).

NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE. While agreed to here, these attacks on presidential emergency powers were not included in the Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) & Science Act (H.R. 4346), the final version of this bill which the president signed into law on August 9.

7. RESTORING THE RIGHT TO ABORTION ACCESS

Senator Richard Blumenthal (D-CT) sponsored S. 4132, the Women's Health Protection Act of 2022, to prohibit governmental restrictions on providing and accessing abortion services. For nearly 50 years, the U.S. Constitution protected the right to abortion. The Supreme Court's decision in *Dobbs v. Jackson Women's Health Organization* overturned the venerable precedent of *Roe v. Wade* and, for the first time in the nation's history, removed a constitutional right. The people most impacted by the loss of this fundamental right are the same people who bear the greatest burdens from the climate crisis, environmental injustice, and voter suppression: communities of color, communities with low wealth, and rural communities. This legislation would create a statutory right to abortion access, restoring federal protections against state-level abortion bans. Additionally, near majority support for this bill in the Senate highlights the extreme decisions of the current Supreme Court majority that also have undermined protections for the environment, democracy, and racial justice. On May 11, the Senate failed to invoke cloture on the motion to proceed to S. 4132 by a vote of 49–51 (Senate roll call vote 170). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

8. UNDERCUTTING PUBLIC INPUT AND ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

Senator Dan Sullivan (R-AK) sponsored S.J. Res 55, a joint resolution of disapproval under the Congressional Review Act (CRA) that would undermine core provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act's (NEPA) implementation, namely regulations that were restored by President Joe Biden. In 2020, the Trump administration severely rolled back long-standing NEPA regulations, seeking to entrench federal climate denial, hastily permit dangerous or polluting projects, and systematically disenfranchise low-income, rural, and communities of color from government decision making. The Biden-Harris administration's rule restored basic elements of the Council on Environmental Quality's NEPA regulations, including consideration of climate change and

cumulative impacts of projects on communities, because they are critically important to addressing the climate crisis and environmental justice. On August 4, the Senate approved S.J. Res. 55 by a vote of 50–47 (Senate roll call vote 283). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The House did not take action on this resolution in 2022.

9. ELIMINATION OF SUPERFUND TAX

Senator Lindsey Graham (R-SC) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, that would strike the Superfund tax included in the bill and replace it with a one-year extension of the 2019 State and Local Tax (SALT) deduction limitation. Reinstating the Superfund tax on polluters, which previously expired in 1995, will help the Environmental Protection Agency better fund and accelerate the cleanup of Superfund sites across the country. Superfund sites are primarily former industrial sites awaiting remediation that are the most heavily contaminated and likely to threaten public health—and are disproportionately located near communities of color and communities with low wealth. Since the modest Superfund tax on polluters expired and the trust funded by the tax dried up, so too did the funding for and pace of these critical cleanups. On August 7, the Senate rejected the Graham amendment by a vote of 50–50 (Senate roll call vote 289). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

10. MANDATORY OIL AND GAS LEASING ON PUBLIC LANDS

Senator John Barrasso (R-WY) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, to mandate unnecessary onshore oil and gas drilling lease sales. The amendment would result in hundreds of thousands of acres of public land being offered for lease, including land with low or no potential for development, land far from existing infrastructure, and land near endangered species habitats. For years to come, this amendment would lock up public land that could be managed for conservation, recreation, or other public good. The oil and gas industry has already stockpiled millions of acres of unused leases, and new leases that are sold would not start producing for years or decades, thus having no impact on current oil prices. On August 7, the Senate rejected the Barrasso amendment by a vote of 50–50 (Senate roll call vote 291). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

11. STRIKING EPA FUNDING FOR CLIMATE ACTION

Senator Shelley Moore Capito (R-WV) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, that would strike a provision in the IRA that provides funding for the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to regulate greenhouse gas emissions under its existing Clean Air Act authority. This funding would not have added any new regulatory authority to the EPA, and it complied with the Supreme Court’s repeated rulings—including in their 2022 *West Virginia v. EPA* decision—that greenhouse gasses are air pollutants that may be regulated under the Clean Air Act. The EPA is in the process of developing a series of critical greenhouse gas, environmental, and public health regulations, and this funding would aid this critical work. On August 7, the Senate rejected the Capito amendment by a vote of 50–50 (Senate roll call vote 293). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Subsequent, but unrelated to this failed vote, the provision to provide additional EPA funding was stricken via a budgetary point of order due to the rules governing budget reconciliation.

12. UNDERMINING BEDROCK ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES

Senator Shelley Moore Capito (R-WV) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, that would significantly undercut and weaken multiple bedrock environmental laws, including the National Environmental Policy Act, Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, and the Endangered Species Act. In effect, the amendment would expedite permitting for oil and gas and other polluting projects, while threatening the health and safety of frontline communities and the environment. On August 7, the Senate rejected the Capito amendment by a vote of 49–50 (Senate roll call vote 300). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

13. ELIMINATING COST-SAVING HOME ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAM

Senator Mike Lee (R-UT) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, which would eliminate \$460 million from the Home Owner Managing Energy Savings (HOMES) rebate program administered by state governments and instead direct the funding to local governments as general supplemental payments. The HOMES program helps residents make their homes more energy efficient and less costly to run and maintain comfortable indoor temperatures by providing increasing amounts of rebates for increasing percentages of energy saved: for a 35% reduction in energy use, a homeowner could get up to \$4,000 in rebates, or up to \$8,000 for low- and moderate-income homeowners. Redirecting funding from emissions reductions to general purpose would significantly reduce the benefits the bill would have for U.S. households and their energy bills, and our environment. On August 7, the Senate rejected the Lee amendment by a vote of 49–51 (Senate roll call vote 305). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

14. UNDERMINING ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND MANDATING COAL LEASING

Senator Richard Shelby (R-AL) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, to mandate approval of any coal lease application for which a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process has commenced regardless of health, environmental, or economic impacts. Eliminating the requirement of adequate environmental review and public input, as required by NEPA, would only further harm communities on the frontlines of coal mining, processing, transporting, and burning, as well as our climate and public lands. On August 7, the Senate rejected the Shelby amendment by a vote of 50–50 (Senate roll call vote 306). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

15. RESTARTING CONSTRUCTION OF THE HARMFUL BORDER WALL

Senator Dan Sullivan (R-AK) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, to replace the funding for the Office of the Chief Readiness Support Officer with a \$500 million appropriation for fencing and barriers along the U.S. southern border. This amendment would have continued to waste taxpayer dollars on a hateful and harmful border wall. It would have exacerbated damage to border communities and the environment they depend on, which includes some of the most fragile and sensitive public lands in the U.S., habitat for imperiled species, and vital migration routes for wildlife. On August 7, the Senate rejected the Sullivan amendment by a vote of 50–50 (Senate roll call vote 320). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

16. ANTI-CLIMATE FOSSIL FUEL INDUSTRY HANDOUTS

The Senate considered en bloc amendment 5487 to H.R. 5376, the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, that included anti-environment amendments from Senators John Barrasso (R-WY), Steve Daines (R-MT), Joni Ernst (R-IA), Deb Fischer (R-NE), Lindsey Graham (R-SC), Lisa Murkowski (R-AK), and Rob Portman (R-OH). These amendments would strike royalty rates for oil and gas extracted from public lands and waters, fabricate content roadblocks to qualify clean vehicles for tax credits, drastically limit consumer and vehicle eligibility for the clean vehicle tax credits, cut funding for recovery from climate disasters, exempt oil, gas, and coal companies from the newly created corporate minimum tax, and cut assistance to states to modernize their energy codes and lower families' utility bills. On August 7, the Senate rejected en bloc amendment 5487 by a vote of 50–50 (Senate roll call vote 321). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

17. TRANSFORMATIONAL CLIMATE INVESTMENTS (INFLATION REDUCTION ACT)

Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer (D-NY) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 5376, introducing the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, to invest roughly \$369 billion in climate, clean energy, good jobs, and environmental justice, marking the single largest investment in climate action in U.S. history. The bill incentivizes clean renewable energy, domestic manufacturing, clean vehicles, innovative technologies, and energy efficiency that will save families hundreds of dollars annually, are tied to strong labor provisions, and include added incentives to invest in low-income and fossil-fuel impacted communities. This bill also made a historic \$60 billion investment in environmental justice programs, including Environmental and Climate Justice Block Grants, Clean Ports, Reconnecting Communities, Superfund tax reinstatement, and a methane emissions fee and reductions. At the same time, this bill includes provisions requiring oil and gas lease sales that, if successfully bid upon and subsequently approved for drilling, could subject frontline communities to further harm and are inconsistent with our climate and justice goals. Taken as a whole, however, the IRA is a once-in-a-generation bill that makes transformational investments to protect the planet from current and future climate devastation. On August 7, the Senate approved H.R. 5376, as amended, by a vote of 51–50, with Vice President Kamala Harris' tie-breaking vote (Senate roll call vote 325). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The president signed the Inflation Reduction Act into law on August 16.

The Inflation Reduction Act is the single largest, transformational investment in climate solutions and environmental justice in U.S. history. As a result, LCV has made the decision to double-score this vote, a rarely used practice employed only for landmark bills.

18. RATIFYING KIGALI TREATY TO CUT CLIMATE SUPERPOLLUTANTS

After being transmitted to the U.S. Senate by President Joe Biden, the upper chamber considered the Kigali Amendment to the Montreal Protocol, a United Nations treaty reached in 2016 to significantly phase down the consumption and production of hydrofluorocarbons—highly potent greenhouse gasses found in air-conditioning systems, insulation, and refrigerators. The amendment also requires signatory parties to establish a licensing system for import and export of hydrofluorocarbons. On September 21, the Senate agreed to the resolution of ratification by a vote of 69–27 (Senate roll call vote 343). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** With this

vote, the United States became the 137th country to ratify this treaty. The Environmental Protection Agency had previously issued rules to reduce these climate super-pollutants in line with the treaty's requirements.

19. DISCLOSING MONEY IN POLITICS

Senator Sheldon Whitehouse (D-RI) sponsored S. 4822, the Democracy Is Strengthened by Casting Light On Spending in Elections (DISCLOSE) Act of 2022, which would expand the prohibition on campaign spending by foreign nationals and require additional disclosures of campaign expenditures and certain political advertisements. Undisclosed and unlimited secret campaign contributions by fossil fuel interests threaten both our environment and our democracy. They distort our politics and drown out communities of color and communities with low wealth—who are most impacted by the climate crisis and pollution—by giving even more power to polluters and the super wealthy. Supreme Court decisions such as *Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission* severely limit Congress' ability to enact many common-sense limits on money in politics, and this legislation would make significant strides in ensuring the people can see where that money comes from. On September 22, the Senate failed to invoke cloture on the motion to proceed to S. 4822 by a vote of 49–49 (Senate roll call vote 346). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

20. FREEMAN CONFIRMATION (THIRD CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS)

The Senate considered President Joe Biden's nomination of Arianna J. Freeman to serve as a circuit judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit. The Third Circuit is the most powerful federal court in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware besides the Supreme Court. Federal judges serve for life and the laws that protect our environment and democracy are only as strong as the judges who uphold and enforce them. Prior to her judicial service, Freeman was a long-serving federal public defender in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, which includes Philadelphia. Public defenders are a critical bulwark for civil rights and civil liberties in a criminal justice system with pervasive racial disparities. As the first Black woman ever to serve on the Third Circuit, and as a career public-interest lawyer, Freeman brings personal and professional diversity to a judiciary that has long been dominated by White male judges appointed after careers in private law firms or as prosecutors. On September 29, the Senate confirmed Freeman to be a circuit judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit by a vote of 50–47 (Senate Roll Call Vote 350). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

21. PROTECTING MARRIAGE EQUALITY

The Senate considered H.R. 8404, the Respect for Marriage Act, as amended, to protect same-sex and interracial marriages under federal law; to require states to accord full faith and credit to out-of-state marriages without discrimination on the basis of sex, race, ethnicity, or national origin; and to provide for enforcement of the right to marriage equality. The rights to same-sex and interracial marriages are protected by the United States Constitution under landmark Supreme Court precedents including *Loving v. Virginia*, *United States v. Windsor*, and *Obergefell v. Hodges*. However, in 2022 the Supreme Court removed a constitutional right for the first time in *Dobbs v. Jackson Women's Health Organization*, which ended the right to abortion access. The decision

in *Dobbs*, as well as Justice Clarence Thomas' concurring opinion explicitly calling for the Court to "reconsider" *Obergefell*, led House Chair Jerrold Nadler (D-NY) and others to propose statutory protections for the right to marriage equality. Additionally, majority support for this bill in Congress highlights the extreme decisions of the current Supreme Court majority that also have undermined protections for the environment, democracy, and racial justice. On November 29, the Senate approved H.R. 8404 by a vote of 61–36 (Senate roll call vote 362). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The House approved the Senate-amended H.R. 8404 on December 8, and the president signed this legislation into law on December 13.

22. UNDERMINING ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND MANDATING GAS PIPELINE

Senator Joe Manchin (D-WV) sponsored the Building American Energy Security Act, which was included as an amendment to the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year 2023, which had been inserted into H.R. 7776, the Water Resources Development Act (WRDA). This amendment would allow a broad spectrum of energy-related projects to short circuit environmental review and public input, curtail judicial review, hand project developers veto power over comment period extensions, and require agencies to approve the unnecessary and harmful methane gas Mountain Valley Pipeline, among other damaging actions. Taken together, these changes would further prioritize the fossil fuel industry at the expense of our climate and the health of communities of color and low-wealth communities already disproportionately harmed by fossil fuel extraction, pipelines, processing, and burning. Research indicates that robust public engagement early in project development is more likely to improve projects' designs, completion timelines, and benefits to communities than shortchanging environmental review and public input. On December 15, the Senate failed to invoke cloture on NDAA with the Manchin amendment by a vote of 47–47 (Senate roll call vote 394). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate subsequently passed the NDAA without Manchin's legislation on December 15, and the president signed the NDAA into law on December 23.

SENATE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Absence (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

		LCV SCORES							
		2022	117th Congress	Lifetime	① Changing Filibuster Rules to Pass Democracy Reforms #10	② Thomas Confirmation (Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals) #11	③ Jackson Confirmation (Supreme Court) #134	④ Expanding Dirty and Dangerous Offshore Drilling #148	⑤ Undermining International Climate Commitments #150
		%	%	%					
ALABAMA									
Shelby	R	4	7	13	✗	✗	✗	?	?
Tuberville	R	4	5	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
ALASKA									
Murkowski	R	13	33	21	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
Sullivan	R	4	16	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
ARIZONA									
Kelly, Mark	D	87	93	93	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
Sinema	I	83	91	79	✗	?	✓	✗	✓
ARKANSAS									
Boozman	R	9	14	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Cotton	R	4	9	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
CALIFORNIA									
Feinstein	D	96	98	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Padilla	D	96	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
COLORADO									
Bennet ^a	D	95	96	90	✓	✓	✓	E	E
Hickenlooper	D	91	95	95	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
CONNECTICUT									
Blumenthal	D	96	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Murphy C.	D	96	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
DELAWARE									
Carper	D	96	98	86	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Coons	D	96	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

^a Senator Bennet entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call votes 148, 150, and 157, which would have been scored as pro-environment. He was absent due to illness from COVID-19.

SENATE VOTES

[illegible]

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		LCV SCORES							
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		%	%	%					
FLORIDA									
Rubio	R	9	12	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Scott, Rick	R	4	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
GEORGIA									
Ossoff	D	96	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Warnock ^b	D	96	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
HAWAII									
Hirono	D	96	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Schatz	D	96	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
IDAHO									
Crapo	R	4	14	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Risch	R	4	14	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
ILLINOIS									
Duckworth	D	100	100	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Durbin	D	96	98	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
INDIANA									
Braun	R	4	14	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Young, T.	R	13	19	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
IOWA									
Ernst	R	13	18	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Grassley	R	9	21	18	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
KANSAS									
Marshall ^c	R	4	7	6	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
Moran	R	9	16	9	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
KENTUCKY									
McConnell	R	9	19	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Paul	R	4	11	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

^b Senator Warnock was absent for roll call vote 362 due to campaign activity in the December 2022 Georgia Senate runoff election.

^c Senator Marshall entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 11, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

SENATE VOTES

[illegible]

SENATE VOTES

KEY

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LCV SCORES

2022

117th Congress

Lifetime

①
Changing Filibuster Rules to Pass Democracy Reforms #10

②
Thomas Confirmation (Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals) #11

③
Jackson Confirmation (Supreme Court) #134

④
Expanding Dirty and Dangerous Offshore Drilling #148

⑤
Undermining International Climate Commitments #150

LOUISIANA

Cassidy

R

9

16

9

✗

?

✗

✗

✗

Kennedy

R

9

11

7

✗

✗

✗

✗

✗

MAINE

Collins

R

22

42

57

✗

✗

✓

✗

✓

King

I

96

98

92

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

MARYLAND

Cardin

D

96

98

93

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

Van Hollen

D

96

98

98

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

MASSACHUSETTS

Markey

D

100

100

94

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

Warren

D

100

100

95

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

MICHIGAN

Peters, G.

D

96

98

94

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

Stabenow

D

100

100

91

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

MINNESOTA

Klobuchar^d

D

91

96

93

✓

✓

✓

?

✓

Smith, T.

D

96

98

98

✓

✓

✓

✓

✓

MISSISSIPPI

Hyde-Smith, C.

R

9

14

14

✗

✗

✗

✗

✗

Wicker

R

9

18

7

✗

✗

✗

✗

✗

MISSOURI

Blunt, R.

R

9

19

8

✗

✗

✗

✗

✗

Hawley^e

R

4

5

5

✗

✗

✗

✗

?

^d Senator Klobuchar entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how she would have voted on roll call vote 148, which would have been scored as pro-environment.

^e Senator Hawley entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 150, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

SENATE VOTES

[illegible]

SENATE VOTES

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		LCV SCORES							
		2022	117th Congress	Lifetime	1 Changing Filibuster Rules to Pass Democracy Reforms #10	2 Thomas Confirmation (Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals) #11	3 Jackson Confirmation (Supreme Court) #134	4 Expanding Dirty and Dangerous Offshore Drilling #148	5 Undermining International Climate Commitments #150
		%	%	%					
MONTANA									
Daines	R	4	14	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Tester ^f	D	95	95	89	✓	E	✓	✓	✓
NEBRASKA									
Fischer	R	4	14	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Sasse	R	9	14	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
NEVADA									
Cortez Masto	D	96	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Rosen	D	96	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NEW HAMPSHIRE									
Hassan	D	96	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Shaheen	D	96	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NEW JERSEY									
Booker	D	100	100	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Menendez	D	100	100	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NEW MEXICO									
Heinrich	D	96	96	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Lujan	D	96	96	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NEW YORK									
Gillibrand	D	96	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Schumer	D	96	98	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NORTH CAROLINA									
Burr	R	9	23	11	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
Tillis	R	9	18	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
NORTH DAKOTA									
Cramer	R	4	16	6	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
Hoeven	R	4	14	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

^f Senator Tester entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 11, which would have been scored as pro-environment. He was absent due to a family matter.

SENATE VOTES

[illegible]

SENATE VOTES

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		LCV SCORES							
		2022	117th Congress	Lifetime	1	2	3	4	5
		%	%	%	Changing Filibuster Rules to Pass Democracy Reforms #10	Thomas Confirmation (Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals) #11	Jackson Confirmation (Supreme Court) #134	Expanding Dirty and Dangerous Offshore Drilling #148	Undermining International Climate Commitments #150
OHIO									
Brown, Sherrod	D	96	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Portman	R	9	25	20	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
OKLAHOMA									
Inhofe	R	4	14	6	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
Lankford	R	4	12	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
OREGON									
Merkley ^g	D	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Wyden	D	96	98	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
PENNSYLVANIA									
Casey	D	96	96	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Toomey	R	0	11	6	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
RHODE ISLAND									
Reed, J.	D	96	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Whitehouse	D	96	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
SOUTH CAROLINA									
Graham	R	9	30	15	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Scott, T.	R	4	11	6	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
SOUTH DAKOTA									
Rounds	R	4	20	10	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
Thune	R	4	14	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
TENNESSEE									
Blackburn	R	4	9	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Hagerty	R	0	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
TEXAS									
Cornyn	R	4	16	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Cruz ^h	R	0	2	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

^g Senator Merkley entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 283, which would have been scored as pro-environment.

He was absent due to a family emergency.

^h Senator Cruz was unavoidably absent for roll call vote 394.

SENATE VOTES

6	Hampering Presidential Emergency Actions on Climate #157	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #170	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8	Undercutting Public Input and Environmental Review #283	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
9	Elimination of Superfund Tax #289	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10	Mandatory Oil and Gas Leasing on Public Lands #291	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11	Striking EPA Funding for Climate Action #293	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12	Undermining Bedrock Environmental Statutes #300	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13	Eliminating Cost-saving Home Energy Efficiency Program #305	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14	Undermining Environmental Review and Mandating Coal Leasing #306	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15	Restarting Construction of the Harmful Border Wall #320	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
16	Anti-Climate Fossil Fuel Industry Handouts #321	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
17	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #325 [Counts Double]	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
18	Ratifying Kigali Treaty to Cut Climate Superpollutants #343	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
19	Disclosing Money in Politics #346	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
20	Freeman Confirmation (Third Circuit Court of Appeals) #350	✓	?	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
21	Protecting Marriage Equality #362	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
22	Undermining Environmental Review and Mandating Gas Pipeline #394	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗

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		LCV SCORES							
		2022	117th Congress	Lifetime	①	②	③	④	⑤
		%	%	%	Changing Filibuster Rules to Pass Democracy Reforms #10	Thomas Confirmation (Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals) #11	Jackson Confirmation (Supreme Court) #134	Expanding Dirty and Dangerous Offshore Drilling #148	Undermining International Climate Commitments #150
UTAH									
Lee, M. ^j	R	5	13	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Romney	R	13	25	19	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
VERMONT									
Leahy ^k	D	91	96	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sanders	I	100	98	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
VIRGINIA									
Kaine	D	100	100	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Warner	D	96	98	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
WASHINGTON									
Cantwell	D	96	98	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Murray	D	96	98	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
WEST VIRGINIA									
Capito	R	9	19	17	✗	?	✗	✗	✗
Manchin	D	70	79	58	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗
WISCONSIN									
Baldwin ^l	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Johnson, R.	R	4	16	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
WYOMING									
Barrasso	R	0	9	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Lummis	R	9	11	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

^j Senator Lee was absent for roll call vote 350 due to a family emergency.

^k Senator Leahy was absent for roll call vote 283 due to recovery from hip surgery.

^l Senator Baldwin was absent for roll call votes 343 and 346 due to illness from COVID-19.

SENATE VOTES

[illegible]

2022 HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. VOTING RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY REFORMS

Representative Don Beyer (D-VA) sponsored H.R. 5746, amended to become the Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act, which would be the most significant pro-democracy legislation in the U.S. in half a century. It would restore and modernize the full protections of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 that the Supreme Court undermined in *Shelby County v. Holder* and *Brnovich v. Democratic National Committee*, and it would update them to better address the modern forms of voter suppression seen in hundreds of anti-voter bills filed in state legislatures across the country in the last two years. This legislation would also protect free and fair elections by safeguarding and expanding voter access, banning partisan gerrymandering, modernizing voter registration, strengthening our campaign finance system, protecting election integrity, and promoting the security of election systems. Everyone's right to be heard and counted in the political process is essential to the functioning of our democracy and the protection of our environment, and far too often it is people of color and frontline communities who are targeted by restrictive voting laws and partisan gerrymandering – the same communities most impacted by climate change and environmental injustice. Ensuring that voters have access to the ballot box and their voices are not drowned out by outsized corporate interests would better equip the people to hold politicians accountable and safeguard meaningful public health and environmental protections. On January 13, the House approved H.R. 5746 by a vote of 220–203 (House roll call vote 9). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate failed to invoke cloture on this bill and subsequently failed to adopt a procedural motion that would have allowed this bill to pass with a simple majority.

2. ATTACKING INTERNATIONAL CLIMATE COLLABORATION

Representative Scott Perry (R-PA) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 4521, the America Creating Opportunities for Manufacturing Pre-Eminence in Technology and Economic Strength (COMPETES) Act of 2021, to rescind U.S. participation in the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). The UNFCCC is the critical international convening body for action to reduce climate pollution and build resiliency to the impacts of climate change across the globe. U.S. engagement in the UNFCCC is essential for motivating action from other current and historical major emitters, holding ourselves accountable to reducing our climate pollution, and contributing to others' actions and resiliency to account for our outsized historical contribution to this global problem. On February 3, the House rejected the Perry amendment by a vote of 196–235 (House roll call vote 27). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

3. INVESTING IN SCIENCE AND DOMESTIC CLEAN ENERGY MANUFACTURING

Chair Eddie Bernice Johnson (D-TX) sponsored H.R. 4521, America Creating Opportunities for Manufacturing Pre-Eminence in Technology and Economic Strength (COMPETES) Act, which included funding for the creation of a domestic supply chain for renewable energy materials, among many other science and technology provisions. To meet our country's emissions reductions goals, renewable energy companies and developers have repeatedly stated that the nation will need to build a domestic supply chain and industry to deploy the necessary renewable energy technology. Among many provisions, the legislation included \$3 billion in grants for solar manufacturing facilities, \$52 billion for semiconductor production in the United States, which is critical for electric vehicle manufacturing, and \$5 billion for security and resilience programs for

domestic supply chains, which is particularly important for production of components in renewable energy systems. The bill also included funding for industrial decarbonization and emissions reductions, reduction in energy use in manufacturing, and financial assistance to states and Native Nations to improve energy efficiency. Many provisions also required adoption of high-road labor standards. On February 4, the House approved H.R. 4521 by a vote of 222–210 (House roll call vote 31). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** Portions of this bill, though not most of the pro-climate provisions, were included in the final Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) & Science Act (H.R. 4346) that the president signed into law on August 9.

4. CRACKING DOWN ON OIL INDUSTRY PRICE GOUGING

Representative Kim Schrier (D-WA) sponsored H.R. 7688, the Consumer Fuel Price Gouging Prevention Act, which included important protections for families struggling with high gas and home heating fuel prices while Big Oil raked in sky-high profits on the back of Putin's brutal and unprovoked invasion of Ukraine. This legislation would crack down on oil and gas companies' price gouging by empowering the president to issue an emergency declaration that would make it illegal to charge excessive and exploitative prices for gasoline and home heating fuels. The bill would also empower the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) to issue penalties to companies for price gouging, with enforcement priority placed on large oil companies with total sales in excess of \$500 million per year. The bill further protects low-income families most impacted by Big Oil's price gouging by allocating the fines collected to a Consumer Relief Trust Fund, which could be used to fund the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) and the Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP), which invest in making low-income homes more energy efficient. On May 19, the House approved H.R. 7688 by a vote of 217–207 (House roll call vote 232). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation in 2022.

5. RECOVERING AMERICA'S WILDLIFE

Representative Debbie Dingell (D-MI) sponsored H.R. 2773, the Recovering America's Wildlife Act (RAWA) of 2021, to combat our nation's biodiversity crisis by providing the most significant investment in conservation and restoration of wildlife and plant species in a generation. In the United States today, many wildlife species are declining, with one third of species already imperiled or vulnerable and an increasing number at risk of becoming endangered. This bill would provide over \$1 billion annually in transformative funding for collaborative programs to recover these species and support diverse wildlife populations. Critically, this legislation would also be the first and only federal conservation program to guarantee sustained funding to Native Nations for fish and wildlife preservation. On June 14, the House approved H.R. 2773 by a vote of 231–190 (House roll call vote 267). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on this legislation in 2022.

6. PROTECTING PEOPLE FROM TOXIC INCINERATION

Representative Andy Levin (D-MI) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 7900, the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year 2023, that would direct the Department of Defense to submit a report to Congress on its progress implementing on-site PFAS (per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances) destruction technologies which don't require incineration, and it extends the

moratorium on PFAS incineration enacted in the Fiscal Year 2022 NDAA. PFAS has been a key ingredient in the firefighting foam that the military uses, as well as many consumer products and industrial applications. These “forever chemicals” persist in the environment and our bodies and have been linked to numerous health problems like certain cancers, thyroid disease, neurological development issues, weakened immune systems, and more. On July 14, the House approved the Levin amendment by a vote of 233–196 (House roll call vote 330). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Levin amendment was not included in the final NDAA, which the president signed into law on December 23.

7. ESTABLISHING A WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF CLIMATE RESILIENCE

Representative Pramila Jayapal (D-WA) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 7900, the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year 2023, that would establish an Office of Climate Resilience within the White House to coordinate climate resilience activities across all government agencies, furthering President Biden’s commitment to a whole-of-government approach to tackling climate change. Climate change-fueled extreme weather events cause over \$100 billion in damages each year in our country, hitting communities of color and low-wealth communities the hardest. The U.S. currently lacks a national climate resilience plan and is not equipped to implement mitigation measures to prevent severe property damage or loss of life. From a national security perspective, the Department of Defense has listed 30 facilities at risk of damage due to extreme weather events. On July 14, the House rejected the Jayapal amendment by a vote of 207–219 (House roll call vote 337). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

8. PROTECTING THE GRAND CANYON AND COLORADO’S PUBLIC LANDS

Representative Joe Neguse (D-CO) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 7900, the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year 2023, to attach the Colorado Outdoor Recreation and Economy (CORE) Act and the Grand Canyon Protection Act to the defense reauthorization legislation. The CORE Act would protect 400,000 acres of public lands in Colorado, including 73,000 acres of new wilderness and roughly 80,000 acres of recreation and conservation management areas. The Grand Canyon Protection Act would protect almost one million acres of federal lands around Grand Canyon National Park from dangerous uranium mining that threatens this iconic landscape as well as the health and welfare of Indigenous communities in the region. On July 14, the House approved the Neguse amendment by a vote of 214–201 (House roll call vote 345). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Neguse amendment was not included in the final NDAA, which the president signed into law on December 23.

9. PROTECTING PUBLIC LANDS AND WATERS ACROSS THE WEST

Representative Diana DeGette (D-CO) sponsored an amendment to H.R. 7900, the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year 2023, to attach to the defense authorization bill the Protect America’s Wilderness and Public Lands Act, an ambitious public lands package that combined the following six bills: The Colorado Wilderness Act, Northwest California Wilderness, Recreation, and Working Forests Act (H.R. 878), San Gabriel Mountains Foothills and Rivers Protection Act (H.R. 693), Wild Olympics Wilderness and Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (H.R. 999), Central Coast Heritage Protection Act (H.R. 973), and the Rim of the Valley Corridor

Preservation Act (H.R. 1075) as well as the Cerro de la Olla Wilderness Establishment Act (H.R. 2422). This legislation would preserve majestic landscapes and rivers in states across the West – including New Mexico, Colorado, California, and Washington – for future generations, protect Indigenous lands and cultural sites from oil and gas development, improve access to public lands for underserved communities, address the threats of climate change by increasing wildfire resiliency, and boost our country’s thriving outdoor recreation economy. On July 14, the House approved the DeGette amendment by a vote of 219–207 (House roll call vote 346). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The DeGette amendment was not included in the final NDAA, which the president signed into law on December 23.

10. RESTORING THE RIGHT TO ABORTION ACCESS

Representative Judy Chu (D-CA) sponsored H.R. 8296, the Women’s Health Protection Act of 2022, to prohibit governmental restrictions on providing and accessing abortion services. For nearly 50 years, the U.S. Constitution protected the right to abortion. The Supreme Court’s decision in *Dobbs v. Jackson Women’s Health Organization* overturned the venerable precedent of *Roe v. Wade* and, for the first time in the nation’s history, removed a constitutional right. The people most impacted by the loss of this fundamental right are the same people who bear the greatest burdens from the climate crisis, environmental injustice, and voter suppression: communities of color, communities with low wealth, and rural communities. This legislation would create a statutory right to abortion access, restoring federal protections against state-level abortion bans. Additionally, majority support for this bill in the House highlights the extreme decisions of the current Supreme Court majority that also have undermined protections for the environment, democracy, and racial justice. On July 15, the House approved H.R. 8296 by a vote of 219–210 (House roll call vote 360). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate failed to invoke cloture on the companion bill, S. 4132, in 2022.

11. SLASHING ENVIRONMENTAL FUNDING

The House considered en bloc amendment 293 to H.R. 8294, the Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2023. This en bloc amendment compiled a series of amendments that would have indiscriminately cut funding for environmental programs across several divisions of the bill. These amendments directly targeted the historic funding levels for the Environmental Protection Agency, the Department of the Interior, and other critical environmental agencies and programs included in the underlying bill. On July 19, the House rejected en bloc amendment 293 by a vote of 199–229 (House roll call vote 367). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

12. ATTACKING ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS AND FUNDING PRIORITIES

The House considered en bloc amendment 297 to H.R. 8294, the Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2023. This en bloc amendment compiled a series of amendments that would have undermined the historic funding levels for environmental programs in the un-

derlying bill and attacked the Biden-Harris administration's actions to combat the climate crisis. These amendments would have blocked funding for environmental justice programs, the Defense Production Act Domestic Clean Energy Accelerator, efforts to electrify the federal vehicle fleet, President Biden's executive order to expand access to voting, the Securities and Exchange Commission's proposed climate risk disclosure rule, offshore wind programs, climate resilience programs for Native Nations, and programs to protect endangered species from trophy hunting in Africa. On July 19, the House rejected en bloc amendment 297 by a vote of 197–230 (House roll call vote 371). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.**

13. PRO-ENVIRONMENT FUNDING PACKAGE

Chair Rosa DeLauro (D-CT) sponsored H.R. 8294, the Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2023, which would provide strong funding to confront climate change, promote public health, advance environmental justice, and preserve public lands. This bill would fund the Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of the Interior at their highest levels in history, including funding for a Civilian Climate Corps, reclaiming abandoned mines and capping orphaned oil and gas wells, increasing environmental compliance monitoring, enforcement, and cleanup, and \$301 million for environmental justice activities, a huge boost over the previous fiscal year. The bill would invest in clean drinking water and wastewater systems, honor the federal government's responsibilities to Indigenous Peoples, fund critical wildlife conservation and endangered species programs, and equip our country with resources to combat record wildfires in the West. The bill would also remove long-standing harmful policy riders that attack imperiled species, reproductive health, the environment, and campaign integrity. On July 20, the House approved H.R. 8294 by a vote of 220–207 (House roll call vote 383). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The Senate took no action on these appropriations bills and their robust funding levels were not included in the year-end omnibus package signed by the president on December 29.

14. UNDERMINING ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR DATA CENTERS

Senator Bill Hagerty (R-TN) sponsored S. 3451, a bill to include certain computer-related projects in the federal permitting program under title 41 of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act, known as FAST-41. The FAST-41 provisions restrict environmental review and limit public input opportunities, particularly for large projects, by curtailing the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. FAST-41 undercuts opportunities to incentivize climate-sensible alternatives for energy, mining, and infrastructure projects of more than \$200 million. In effect, the bill places severe limits on government accountability and public access to the courts on the country's largest infrastructure projects where full consideration of the socio-economic, environmental, and community impacts are most warranted. On July 29, the House approved S.3451 by a vote of 303–89 (House roll call vote 417). **NO IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The president signed the Hagerty bill, S. 3451, into law on August 16.

15. TRANSFORMATIONAL CLIMATE INVESTMENTS (INFLATION REDUCTION ACT)

Chair John Yarmuth (D-KY) moved that the House agree with the Senate amendment to H.R. 5376, known as the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) of 2022, to invest roughly \$369 billion in climate, clean energy, good jobs, and environmental justice, marking the single largest investment in climate action in U.S. history. The bill incentivizes clean renewable energy, domestic manufacturing, clean vehicles, innovative technologies, and energy efficiency that will save families hundreds of dollars annually, are tied to strong labor provisions, and include added incentives to invest in low-income and fossil fuel-impacted communities. This bill also made a historic \$60 billion investment in environmental justice programs, including Environmental and Climate Justice Block Grants, Clean Ports, Reconnecting Communities, Superfund tax reinstatement, and a methane emissions fee and reductions. At the same time, this bill includes provisions requiring oil and gas lease sales that, if successfully bid upon and subsequently approved for drilling, could subject frontline communities to further harm and are inconsistent with our climate and justice goals. Taken as a whole, however, the IRA is a once-in-a-generation bill that makes transformational investments to protect the planet from current and future climate devastation. On August 12, the House concurred with the Senate amendment to approve H.R. 5376 by a vote of 220–207 (House roll call 420). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The president signed the Inflation Reduction Act into law on August 16.

The Inflation Reduction Act is the single largest, transformational investment in climate solutions, good jobs, and environmental justice in U.S. history. As a result, LCV has made the decision to double-score this vote, a rarely used practice employed only for landmark bills.

16. IMPROVING CERTIFICATION OF PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

Chair Zoe Lofgren (D-CA) sponsored H.R. 8873, the Presidential Election Reform Act, to modernize the casting and counting of electoral votes for presidential elections, protect against election subversion, expedite judicial review of presidential election disputes, clarify the congressional process for certification of electoral votes, and secure the peaceful transfer of power. This bill was proposed in reaction to a multifaceted effort by former President Donald Trump and his allies in and outside of Congress to overturn the results of the 2020 presidential election, which he lost. Those efforts included attempts to alter or block certification of certain states' electoral votes, bad-faith interpretations of the Electoral Count Act of 1887, and the January 6 white supremacist insurrection at the U.S. Capitol, which resulted in multiple deaths. Though lacking critically needed protections for voting rights and other core elements of our democratic system, this bill represents an important bipartisan effort to secure future presidential transitions and electoral-vote certifications. On September 21, the House approved H.R. 8873 by a vote of 229–203 (House roll call vote 449). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** A similar bill was included in H.R. 2617, the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2023, which was signed into law by the president on December 29.

17. PROTECTING MARRIAGE EQUALITY

Chair Jerrold Nadler (D-NY) sponsored H.R. 8404, the Respect for Marriage Act, to protect same-sex and interracial marriage under federal law; to require states to accord full faith and credit to out-of-state marriages without discrimination on the basis of sex, race, ethnicity, or national origin; and to provide for enforcement of the right to marriage equality. The rights to same-sex and interracial marriages are protected by the United States Constitution under landmark Supreme Court precedents, including *Loving v. Virginia*, *United States v. Windsor*, and *Obergefell v. Hodges*. However, in 2022, the Supreme Court removed a constitutional right for the first time in *Dobbs v. Jackson Women's Health Organization*, which ended the right to abortion access. The decision in *Dobbs*, as well as Justice Clarence Thomas' concurring opinion explicitly calling for the Court to "reconsider" *Obergefell*, led Chair Nadler and others to propose statutory protections for the right to marriage equality. Additionally, majority support for this bill in Congress highlights the extreme decisions of the current Supreme Court majority that also have undermined protections for the environment, democracy, and racial justice. On December 8, the House approved H.R. 8404, as amended by the Senate, by a vote of 258–169 (House roll call vote 513). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The president signed H.R. 8404 into law on December 13.

18. ESTABLISHING NATIONAL HERITAGE AREAS

Senator Debbie Stabenow (D-MI) sponsored S. 1942, the National Heritage Area Act to establish a National Heritage Area System, which would allow for the Department of the Interior to provide technical and financial assistance to local coordinating entities to support the establishment, development, and continuity of such areas. Heritage areas are landscapes where natural, cultural, historic, and recreational resources combine to form cohesive stories and themes that are regionally distinct and nationally significant. This bill also designated seven new heritage areas, including the Alabama Black Belt National Heritage Area, and authorized new studies on potential sites such as the Great Dismal Swamp National Heritage Area championed by the late Representative A. Donald McEachin. On December 22, 2022, the House approved S. 1942 by a vote of 326–95 (House roll call vote 540). **YES IS THE PRO-ENVIRONMENT VOTE.** The president signed S. 1942 into law on January 5, 2023.



HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

LCV SCORES	
2022	
%	
117th Congress	
%	
Lifetime	
1	Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9
2	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27
3	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31
4	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232
5	Recovering America's Wildlife #267

ALABAMA

1	Carl ^a	R	5	5	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Moore, Barry	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Rogers, M. ^b	R	5	7	6	?	✗	✗	?	✗
4	Aderholt	R	5	5	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Brooks, M.	R	0	2	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Palmer ^c	R	5	5	2	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Sewell	D	95	98	83	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

ALASKA

1	Peltola ^d	D	100	N/A	100	①	①	①	①	①
1	Young, D. ^e	R	33	35	10	✗	✓	✗	①	①

AMERICAN SAMOA

1	Radewagen ^f	R	0	N/A	13	①	①	①	①	①
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ARIZONA

1	O'Halleran	D	95	98	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Kirkpatrick	D	95	98	77	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Grijalva	D	100	100	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Gosar	R	0	0	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Biggs	R	0	0	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Schweikert	R	0	10	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Gallego	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Lesko	R	0	5	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9	Stanton	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

ARKANSAS

1	Crawford	R	0	5	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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- ^a Representative Carl entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 420, which would have been scored as anti-environment.
- ^b Representative Rogers entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 420, which would have been scored as anti-environment.
- ^c Representative Palmer entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 9, which would have been scored as anti-environment.
- ^d Representative Peltola was sworn in on September 13, 2022.
- ^e Representative Young died March 18, 2022.
- ^f Due to House proxy voting because of the COVID-19 pandemic, delegates and the resident commissioner were not eligible to vote on most of these scored votes in 2022.

HOUSE VOTES

6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330
7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337
8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345
9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346
10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360
11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367
12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371
13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383
14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417
15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]
16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449
17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513
18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540

✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	✓	✓	✓
①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①

①	①	①	①	①	?	?	①	①	①	①	①	①
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✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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HOUSE VOTES

✖	✖	6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330
✖	✖	7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337
✖	✖	8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345
✖	✖	9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346
✖	✖	10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360
✖	✖	11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367
✖	✖	12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371
✖	✖	13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383
✖	✖	14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417
✖	✖	15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 (Counts Double)
✖	✖	16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449
✖	✖	17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513
✔	✔	18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540

[illegible]

The Speaker Votes At Her Discretion

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

HOUSE VOTES

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			LCV SCORES							
			2022	117th Congress		Lifetime				
			%	%	%	1	2	3	4	5
						Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232	Recovering America's Wildlife #267
24	Carbajal	D	95	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
25	Garcia, M.	R	16	17	18	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
26	Brownley	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27	Chu	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
28	Schiff	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29	Cárdenas	D	95	95	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
30	Sherman	D	94	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
31	Aguilar ⁱ	D	89	95	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
32	Napolitano	D	100	100	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Lieu	D	95	98	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Gomez	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
35	Torres, N.	D	95	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
36	Ruiz	D	100	100	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
37	Bass ^j	D	94	98	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
38	Sánchez	D	95	95	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
39	Kim, Y.	R	11	17	17	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
40	Roybal-Allard	D	95	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
41	Takano	D	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
42	Calvert	R	11	12	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
43	Waters	D	100	100	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Barragán	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
45	Porter	D	100	100	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
46	Correa	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
47	Lowenthal	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
48	Steel	R	5	8	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
49	Levin, M.	D	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
50	Issa	R	11	10	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

ⁱ Representative Aguilar entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 345, which would have been scored as pro-environment.

^j Representative Bass resigned on December 9, 2022 in order to be sworn in as Mayor of Los Angeles on December 11, 2022.

HOUSE VOTES

[illegible]

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

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- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

KEY

✓

=

Pro-environment action

✗

=

Anti-environment action

Ⓚ

=

Ineligible to vote

•

=

Not Voting (counts as negative)

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=

Excused (does not count)

LCV SCORES

2022

117th Congress

Lifetime

1

Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9

2

Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27

3

Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31

4

Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232

5

Recovering America's Wildlife #267

51	Vargas	D	94	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
52	Peters, S.	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
53	Jacobs, S.	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	?

COLORADO

1	DeGette	D	100	100	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Neguse	D	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Boebert ^k	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Buck	R	0	5	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Lamborn	R	5	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Crow	D	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Perlmutter	D	95	98	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

CONNECTICUT

1	Larson, J.	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
2	Courtney	D	95	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	DeLauro	D	95	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
4	Himes	D	95	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Hayes	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

DELAWARE

1	Blunt Rochester, L.	D	100	100	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

1	Holmes Norton ^l	D	100	N/A	100	①	①	①	①	①
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FLORIDA

1	Gaetz	R	5	10	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Dunn	R	0	7	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Cammack	R	5	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Rutherford ^m	R	0	2	7	?	✗	✗	?	?

^k Representative Boebert entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how she would have voted on roll call vote 345, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

^l Due to House proxy voting because of the COVID-19 pandemic, delegates and the resident commissioner were not eligible to vote on most of these scored votes in 2022.

^m Representative Rutherford entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call votes 9, 232, 267, and 371, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

HOUSE VOTES

6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	✓	✓	✓
7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	✓	✓	✓
8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	✓	✓	✓
9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	✓	✓	✓
10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	✓	✓	✓
11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	✓	✓	✓
12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	✓	✓	✓
13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	✓	✓	✓
14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	✗	✗	✓
15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	✓	✓	✓
16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	E	✓	✓
17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	✓	✓	✓
18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540	✓	✓	✓

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	?
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

①	①	①	①	①	✓	✓	①	①	①	①	①	①
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

KEY

= Pro-environment action

= Anti-environment action

= Ineligible to vote

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= Excused (does not count)

			LCV SCORES								
			2022	117th Congress		Lifetime	Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9				
			%	%	%	1	2	3	4	5	
						Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27					
						Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31					
						Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232					
						Recovering America's Wildlife #267					
5	Lawson	D	95	98	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
6	Waltz	R	11	14	21	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
7	Murphy, S.	D	84	90	91	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	
8	Posey	R	0	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
9	Soto	D	95	98	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
10	Demings	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
11	Webster	R	0	5	6	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	
12	Bilirakis	R	5	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
13	Crist ⁿ	D	100	100	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
14	Castor	D	100	100	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
15	Franklin	R	0	5	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
16	Buchanan	R	0	10	22	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
17	Steube	R	0	0	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
18	Mast	R	11	14	25	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	
19	Donalds	R	5	5	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
20	Cherfilus-McCormick ^o	D	100	N/A	100	①	✓	✓	✓	✓	
21	Frankel	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
22	Deutch ^p	D	88	95	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
23	Wasserman Schultz	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
24	Wilson, F.	D	95	98	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
25	Díaz-Balart	R	5	12	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
26	Gimenez	R	11	14	14	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
27	Salazar	R	21	20	20	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	

GEORGIA

1	Carter, E.L.	R	5	5	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Bishop, S.	D	95	98	57	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Ferguson	R	0	7	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

ⁿ Representative Crist resigned on August 31, 2022.

^o Representative Cherfilus-McCormick was sworn in on January 18, 2022.

^p Representative Deutch resigned on September 30, 2022.

HOUSE VOTES

6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	ⓘ	ⓘ	ⓘ
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	ⓘ	ⓘ
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

HOUSE VOTES

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KEY

✓

 = Pro-environment action

✗

 = Anti-environment action

⊖

 = Ineligible to vote

⊖

 = Not Voting (counts as negative)

⊖

 = Excused (does not count)

LCV SCORES

2022

117th Congress

Lifetime

1

2

3

4

5

Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9

Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27

Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31

Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232

Recovering America's Wildlife #267

4	Johnson, H.	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Williams, N.	D	100	100	100	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	McBath	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Bourdeaux	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Scott, A.	R	0	10	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9	Clyde	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10	Hice	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11	Loudermilk	R	0	2	1	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
12	Allen ^a	R	5	2	1	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13	Scott, D.	D	95	95	85	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Greene, M.T.	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

GUAM

1	San Nicolas ^r	D	100	N/A	94	①	①	①	①	①
---	--------------------------	---	-----	-----	----	---	---	---	---	---

HAWAII

1	Case	D	100	100	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Kahele	D	100	100	100	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

IDAHO

1	Fulcher	R	0	5	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Simpson	R	11	19	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

ILLINOIS

1	Rush	D	95	98	82	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Kelly, R.	D	95	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Newman	D	100	100	100	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Garcia, J.	D	95	98	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Quigley	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Casten ^s	D	94	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	E
7	Davis, D.	D	95	95	93	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

q Representative Allen entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 417, which would have been scored as pro-environment.
 r Due to House proxy voting because of the COVID-19 pandemic, delegates and the resident commissioner were not eligible to vote on most of these scored votes in 2022.
 s Representative Casten was absent for roll call vote 267 due to a family emergency.

HOUSE VOTES

6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
①	①	①	①	①	✓	✓	①	①	①	①	①	①
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

[illegible]

HOUSE VOTES

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LCV SCORES									
2022	117th Congress	Lifetime							
%	%	%	1	2	3	4	5		
			Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232	Recovering America's Wildlife #267		

KANSAS

1	Mann	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	LaTurner	R	5	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Davids	D	95	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Estes ^x	R	0	2	3	✗	?	?	✗	?

KENTUCKY

1	Comer	R	5	10	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Guthrie	R	5	14	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Yarmuth	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Massie	R	0	5	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Rogers, H.	R	5	7	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Barr ^y	R	5	12	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

LOUISIANA

1	Scalise	R	0	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Carter, T.	D	95	97	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Higgins, C.	R	0	0	2	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Johnson, M.	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Letlow	R	5	9	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Graves, G.	R	11	12	6	✗	✓	?	✗	✗

MAINE

1	Pingree	D	95	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Golden	D	84	88	92	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓

MARYLAND

1	Harris	R	0	0	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Ruppersberger	D	95	98	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Sarbanes	D	100	100	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Brown, A.	D	100	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

^x Representative Estes entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call votes 27 and 267, which would have been scored as anti-environment.
^y Representative Barr entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 346, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

HOUSE VOTES

6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓
8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	?	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓
×	×	×	?	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓

×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	?	×	×	×	×	×
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

[illegible]

HOUSE VOTES

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14 Lawrence

D

LCV SCORES	
2022	
%	
95	
117th Congress	
%	
98	
Lifetime	
%	
97	
✓ 1	Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9
✓ 2	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27
✓ 3	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31
✓ 4	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232
✓ 5	Recovering America's Wildlife #267

MINNESOTA

1	Hagedorn ^z	R	0	8	7	✗	✗	✗	①	①
1	Finstad ^{aa}	R	0	N/A	0	①	①	①	①	①
2	Craig	D	89	95	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Phillips	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	McCollum	D	100	100	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Omar	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Emmer	R	5	14	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Fischbach	R	0	5	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8	Stauber	R	5	14	15	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

MISSISSIPPI

1	Kelly, T.	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Thompson, B.	D	100	98	84	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Guest	R	5	2	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
4	Palazzo	R	5	5	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

MISSOURI

1	Bush	D	100	100	0	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Wagner	R	11	17	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Luetkemeyer	R	5	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Hartzler ^{ab}	R	0	5	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Cleaver	D	95	98	89	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Graves, S.	R	5	7	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Long	R	5	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8	Smith, J.	R	0	5	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

^z Representative Hagedorn died February 17, 2022.

^{aa} Representative Finstad was sworn in on August 12, 2022.

^{ab} Representative Hartzler entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how she would have voted on roll call votes 367, 371, 383, and 417, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

HOUSE VOTES

✓	6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330
✓	7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337
✓	8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345
✓	9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346
✓	10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360
✓	11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367
✓	12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371
✓	13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383
✗	14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417
✓	15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]
✓	16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449
✓	17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513
✓	18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540

i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	E	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	?	?	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

LCV SCORES		
2022	117th Congress	Lifetime
%	%	%
1	Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9	
2	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27	
3	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31	
4	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232	
5	Recovering America's Wildlife #267	

MONTANA

1	Rosendale	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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NEBRASKA

1	Fortenberry ^{ac}	R	0	27	21	✗	✗	✗	①	①
1	Flood ^{ad}	R	0	N/A	0	①	①	①	①	①
2	Bacon	R	21	24	18	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗
3	Smith, Adrian	R	0	5	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

NEVADA

1	Titus	D	100	100	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Amodei	R	5	14	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Lee, S.	D	95	95	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Horsford	D	100	100	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW HAMPSHIRE

1	Pappas	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Kuster	D	95	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

NEW JERSEY

1	Norcross	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Van Drew	R	5	24	55	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Kim, A.	D	100	100	99	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Smith, C.	R	11	29	60	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Gottheimer	D	100	100	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Pallone	D	100	100	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Malinowski	D	89	95	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Sires	D	100	100	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Pascrell ^{ae}	D	95	98	94	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Payne	D	95	98	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	Sherrill	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

ac Representative Fortenberry resigned on March 31, 2022, after being found guilty of lying and concealing information about illegal campaign contributions.

ad Representative Flood was sworn in on July 12, 2022.

ae Representative Pascrell entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 417, which would have been scored as pro-environment.

HOUSE VOTES

6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

✓	6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330
✓	7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337
✓	8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345
✓	9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346
✓	10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360
✓	11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367
✓	12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371
✓	13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383
✓	14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417
✓	15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 (Counts Double!)
✓	16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449
✓	17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513
✓	18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540

[illegible][illegible]

HOUSE VOTES

6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①
①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	①	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
①	①	①	①	①	✓	✓	①	①	①	①	①	①

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
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- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

LCV SCORES						
2022	117th Congress	Lifetime	1	2	3	4
%	%	%	Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232
						Recovering America's Wildlife #267

OHIO

1	Chabot	R	5	12	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Wenstrup	R	5	14	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Beatty	D	95	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Jordan	R	0	0	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Latta	R	0	12	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Johnson, B.	R	5	10	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Gibbs	R	0	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8	Davidson	R	0	2	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9	Kaptur	D	95	98	84	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Turner	R	16	19	11	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
11	Brown, Shontel	D	95	96	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Balderson	R	5	14	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13	Ryan, T.	D	95	98	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Joyce, D.	R	21	19	13	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓
15	Carey	R	11	13	13	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
16	Gonzalez, A.	R	32	29	26	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗

OKLAHOMA

1	Hern	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Mullin	R	0	5	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Lucas	R	5	7	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Cole	R	11	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
5	Bice	R	5	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

OREGON

1	Bonamici	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Bentz	R	0	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Blumenauer	D	100	100	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330
7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337
8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345
9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346
10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360
11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367
12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371
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15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]
16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449
17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513
18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540

×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	?	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	?
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	?	×	×	×	×
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
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✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
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×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	✓
×	×	×	×	?	✓	✓	×	?	×	✓	✓	✓	✓

×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	?	×	×	×	×	?
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×	×	×	×	×	?	?	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓
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×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓

✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
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✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

✓	✗	6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330
✗	✗	7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337
✓	✓	8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345
✓	✓	9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346
✓	✓	10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360
✓	✓	11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367
✓	✓	12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371
✓	✓	13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383
✗	✗	14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417
✓	✓	15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]
✓	✓	16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449
✓	✓	17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513
✓	✓	18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540

✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
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✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓

①	①	①	①	①	✗	✗	①	①	①	①	①	①
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✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

LCV SCORES	
2022	
%	
117th Congress	
%	
Lifetime	
1	Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9
2	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27
3	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31
4	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232
5	Recovering America's Wildlife #267

SOUTH CAROLINA

1	Mace	R	16	26	26	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Wilson, J.	R	0	5	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Duncan	R	5	5	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Timmons	R	0	5	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Norman	R	0	0	1	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Clyburn	D	95	98	86	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Rice, T.	R	11	7	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

SOUTH DAKOTA

1	Johnson, D.	R	5	12	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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TENNESSEE

1	Harshbarger	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Burchett ^{ao}	R	0	0	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Fleischmann	R	5	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	DesJarlais	R	5	7	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Cooper	D	95	98	84	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Rose	R	0	2	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Green, M. ^{ap}	R	0	0	1	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
8	Kustoff	R	5	10	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
9	Cohen	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

TEXAS

1	Gohmert	R	0	2	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Crenshaw	R	0	10	12	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Taylor	R	0	10	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Fallon	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	Gooden	R	0	0	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Ellzey	R	5	8	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

^{ao} Representative Burchett entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 383, which would have been scored as anti-environment. It was reported that he missed votes 367, 371, and 383 due to illness.

^{ap} Representative Green entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 9, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

HOUSE VOTES

6	Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
9	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
10	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
11	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
13	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
14	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
15	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
16	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
17	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
18	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	E	E	E	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

			LCV SCORES								
			2022	117th Congress		Lifetime	Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9	Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27	Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31	Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232	Recovering America's Wildlife #267
				%	%						
KEY			%	%	%	1	2	3	4	5	
✓ = Pro-environment action											
✗ = Anti-environment action											
ⓓ = Ineligible to vote											
ⓓ = Not Voting (counts as negative)											
ⓓ = Excused (does not count)											
7	Fletcher	D	89	93	90	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	
8	Brady ^{aq}	R	0	5	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
9	Green, A.	D	95	98	88	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
10	McCaul	R	11	17	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	
11	Pfluger	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
12	Granger	R	5	8	6	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
13	Jackson, R.	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
14	Weber	R	0	0	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
15	Gonzalez, V.	D	89	90	83	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
16	Escobar	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
17	Sessions	R	5	7	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
18	Jackson Lee, S.	D	95	98	84	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
19	Arrington ^{ar}	R	0	0	1	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	
20	Castro	D	100	100	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
21	Roy	R	0	5	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
22	Nehls	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
23	Gonzales, T.	R	11	17	17	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
24	Van Duyne	R	0	7	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
25	Williams, R.	R	0	5	2	?	✗	✗	?	✗	
26	Burgess	R	0	5	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
27	Cloud	R	0	0	0	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
28	Cuellar	D	84	88	51	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
29	Garcia, S.	D	89	95	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
30	Johnson, E.B.	D	100	100	87	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
31	Carter, J.	R	0	5	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	
32	Allred	D	95	98	97	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
33	Veasey	D	95	98	91	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

^{aq} Representative Brady entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 513, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

^{ar} Representative Arrington entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 232, which would have been scored as anti-environment.

HOUSE VOTES

6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	?	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

	6 Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	7 Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	8 Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	9 Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	10 Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	11 Slashing Environmental Funding #367	12 Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	13 Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	14 Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	15 Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	16 Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	17 Protecting Marriage Equality #513	18 Establishing National Heritage Areas #540
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	①	①	①	①	①	✓	✓	①	①	①	①	①	①
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	①	①
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	?	✗	✗	✗	✗
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
	✓	✓	?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

HOUSE VOTES

KEY

- ✓ = Pro-environment action
- ✗ = Anti-environment action
- ① = Ineligible to vote
- ? = Not Voting (counts as negative)
- E = Excused (does not count)

LCV SCORES									
2022	117th Congress	Lifetime							
%	%	%	1	2	3	4	5		
			Voting Rights and Democracy Reforms #9						
			Attacking International Climate Collaboration #27						
			Investing in Science and Domestic Clean Energy Manufacturing #31						
			Cracking Down on Oil Industry Price Gouging #232						
			Recovering America's Wildlife #267						

WASHINGTON

1	DelBene	D	95	98	96	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Larsen, R.	D	95	95	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Herrera Beutler	R	16	26	14	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
4	Newhouse	R	11	19	8	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
5	McMorris Rodgers, C.	R	5	14	5	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Kilmer	D	95	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Jayapal	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	Schrier	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Smith, Adam	D	100	100	92	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Strickland	D	95	98	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

WEST VIRGINIA

1	McKinley	R	11	19	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓
2	Mooney	R	5	7	4	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
3	Miller, C.	R	5	7	10	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

WISCONSIN

1	Steil	R	11	17	18	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
2	Pocan	D	100	100	98	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Kind	D	95	98	90	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Moore, G.	D	95	98	95	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Fitzgerald	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
6	Grothman	R	0	7	3	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
7	Tiffany	R	0	2	2	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
8	Gallagher ^{ay}	R	5	15	9	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

WYOMING

1	Cheney	R	11	21	7	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
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^{ay} Representative Gallagher entered a statement into the Congressional Record noting how he would have voted on roll call vote 420, which would have been scored as anti-environment, and vote 540, which would have been scored as pro-environment.

HOUSE VOTES

6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Protecting People from Toxic Incineration #330	Establishing a White House Office of Climate Resilience #337	Protecting the Grand Canyon and Colorado's Public Lands #345	Protecting Public Lands and Waters across the West #346	Restoring the Right to Abortion Access #360	Slashing Environmental Funding #367	Attacking Environmental Programs and Funding Priorities #371	Pro-Environment Funding Package #383	Undermining Environmental Review for Data Centers #417	Transformational Climate Investments (Inflation Reduction Act) #420 [Counts Double]	Improving Certification of Presidential Election Results #449	Protecting Marriage Equality #513	Establishing National Heritage Areas #540
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
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LCV ART EXHIBITIONS FEATURED: The cover features a wall of oil barrels on the National Mall, which coincided with committee hearings investigating oil and gas industry CEOs for price gouging. Page 3 features an interactive ice sculpture in front of the Brooklyn Public Library where activists gathered to show support for transformational climate legislation. On page 11, an art installation, inspired by papel picado, was located in Phoenix, where Chispa is fighting against racist voting restrictions and environmental racism. Page 80 features an Earth Day art installation in Philadelphia—Fight For Our Future.



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